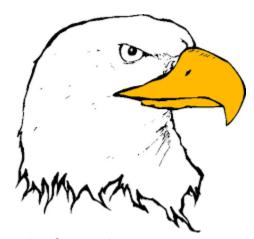
Mountain View School District

Humanities Curriculum

Aligned to PA Core Standards, PA Academic Standards, PA English

Language Proficiency Standards



Length of Courses: Full Year

Length of Period: 80-120 minutes

Duration: Daily

Adopted by the Mountain View Board of Directors on: August 22, 2016

Second Grade

The Humanities Curriculum Committee

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Learning to Soar What is a Curriculum Framework?

A Curriculum Framework is an organized plan or set of standards that defines the content to be learned in terms of clear, definable standards of what the student should know and be able to do.

A Curriculum Framework is part of <u>standards aligned system</u>. The framework is the first step, defining clear, high standards which will be achieved by **all** students. The curriculum is based upon the standards, and students are assessed against the standards. When the standards are reached, there will be no <u>achievement gap</u> where some groups are allowed to score lower than others. All will meet world class standards and be career and college ready.

A Curriculum Framework includes the **Enduring Understandings/Big Ideas**, which will lead to life-long learning; **Essential Questions** that guide student learning; **Grade Level Skills/Competencies** that students are to master in order to meet the overarching **Standards**; potential **Resources and Materials** for teachers and students to utilize to introduce, develop, master, and practice the skills; **Academic Vocabulary/Concepts** necessary for the students to understand the content; and **Common Assessments with Criteria**, or opportunities, for students to demonstrate their level of achieving the standards. The framework allows for differentiation and alternative assessments for students with special needs.

From the Curriculum Framework, teachers create lessons and units to meet each individual student's needs. A Curriculum Framework should allow a teacher to include differentiation through multiple resources, learning opportunities, and assessments. Choice and creativity for teachers and students are very important, and a Curriculum Framework should allow for both, yet focus on the standards.

A Curriculum Framework is a living document that must grow and develop with time and experience. It would behoove the committee to think that this document is complete. Administrators, teachers, parents, and students will continue to revise the Curriculum Framework to continue to meet the needs of each student of the Mountain View School District.

A Curriculum Framework is not a textbook. A textbook is one tool or resource used to deliver a Curriculum Framework. Likewise, a series is one of many resources used to develop students' skills and understanding of the world around them. A Curriculum Framework is not a unit plan or collection of daily lesson plans with specific teaching strategies.

Aligning with PA Core Standards, an English/Language Arts curriculum focuses on the four domains of literacy: Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing. It is the intent that the four domains are taught through an integrated approach, including vocabulary, spelling, syntax, grammar, and conventions. Students demonstrate their understanding of the content and mastery of the literacy skills through speaking and/or writing assessments about what they have heard and/or read. Research supports this approach of integrating all four domains of literacy in a thematic approach as opposed to teaching each in isolation. Even in the case when language arts may be taught by a teacher different from the teacher who teaches reading, integration is vital for students' language development.

Learning to Soar **An Integrated Curriculum for ELA and Social Studies**

The Humanities Curriculum Committee (2016) has combined literacy and social studies, with socialization skills. Through a thematic approach, students will learn important social skills to be a good citizen while learning the Pennsylvania standards for literacy. Each year, students will focus on one overarching social goal which will build upon the previous year's goal. Kindergarten will develop KIND KIDS; First Grade, COOPERATIVE WORKERS; Second Grade, PERSISENT LEARNERS; Third Grade, RESPONSIBLE SCHOLARS; Fourth Grade, CONFIDENT THINKERS; Fifth Grade, PROBLEM SOLVERS; Sixth Grade, OPEN-MINDED INDIVIDUALS. These skills and overarching goals will develop accepting and understanding global thinkers for the 21st Century.

Second Grade: Goal: Persistent Learners

(Descriptor) A successful student needs to have resiliency in order to persevere in his/her learning. Having an "I can" attitude helps a student work through new learning materials. Focusing a personal goal in which one is invested makes the learning more meaningful. Knowing one's challenges and strengths allows one to set goals and to try again if things don't work out the first time. Students in the Second Grade will begin to investigate their own strengths and challenges in order to be persistent learners.

Theme One: Focus on the Goal: Striving to Do My Best

Theme Two: Adapt to Challenges—Changing to Meet My Needs/Wants

Theme Three: Use Your Strengths—Overcoming Obstacles

Theme Four: Try and Try Again—Persisting to the End

PA ELA Core Standards for Second Grade

(www.pdesad.org)

Foundational Skills

CC.1.1.2.D.-E. Students will gain a working knowledge of concepts of print, alphabetic principle, and other basic conventions.

Reading

CC.1.2.2.A.-L. Students read, understand, and respond to informational text—with emphasis on comprehension, vocabulary acquisition, and making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence.

CC.1.3.2.A.-K. Students read and respond to works of literature—with emphasis on comprehension, vocabulary acquisition, and making connections among ideas and between texts with focus on textual evidence.

Writing

CC.1.4.2.A.-X. Students write for different purposes and audiences. Students write clear and focused text to convey a well-defined perspective and appropriate content.

Speaking and Listening

CC.1.5.2.A.-G. Students present appropriately in formal speaking situations, listen critically, and respond intelligently as individuals or in group discussions.

PA Academic Standards for Social Studies

Civics and Government		Economics	
5.1.2.AF.	Principles and Documents of Government	6.1.2.AD.	Scarcity and Choice
5.2.2.AD.	Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship	6.2.2.AG.	Markets and Economic Systems
5.3.2.AI.	How Government Works	6.3.2.AD.	Functions of Government
5.4.2.AB.	How International Relationships Function	6.4.2.AD.	Economic Interdependence
		6.5.2.AH.	Income, Profit, and Wealth
Geography		History	
7.1.2.AB.	Basic Geographic Literacy	8.1.2.AC.	Historical Analysis and Skills Development
7.2.2.AB.	Physical Characteristics of Places and Regions	8.2.2.AD.	Pennsylvania History
7.3.2.A.	Human Characteristics of Places and Regions	8.3.2.AD.	United States History
7.4.2.AB.	Interactions between People and the Environment	8.3.2.AD.	World History

PA English Language Proficiency Standards: Classroom/Formative Framework

Standard 1: English language learners communicate in English for **Social** and **Instructional** purposes within the school setting

Grade Level: Second Grade

	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Standard or Anchor	
Listening	Position manipulatives or realia according to one-step oral commands to show spatial relations (such as: "Put the books on the table").	Position manipulatives or realia according to multiple oral commands to show spatial relations (such as: "Put the cubes in a row across the paper").	Follow oral directions verifying requests with cues from teachers or peers (such as: "Fold the paper in half and place it on your table the long way").	Follow simple oral directions with visual or nonverbal support (such as: "Write your name on the top left-hand side of the paper").	Follow sequence from multiple oral directions (such as: "Write your name on the top left-hand side of the paper, then put the date on the top right-hand side").		Le
Reading	Respond to icons, pictures, and/or words on board games or in activities.	Respond to words and/or phrases on board games or in activities.	Follow written directions supported visually.	Follow written directions, with peer or teacher assistance.	Follow high frequency written directions.		Level 6- Reaching
Speaking	Give and ask for permission or make requests using gestures as needed.	Share feelings and emotions, likes or dislikes using visual supports.	Discuss interests, opinions, or preferences working with a partner.	Persuade peers to join in activities or games by working within a small group.	Negotiate solutions to problems, interpersonal misunderstandings and/or disputes working with a partner.		ing
Writing	Illustrate personal experiences working with a partner.	Label illustrations of personal experiences with phrases and short sentences working with a partner.	Participate in a shared writing activity about a common experience (such as: a field trip or guest speaker).	Write an email message using a picture dictionary.	Write in a dialogue journal about personal experiences.		

Standard 2: English language learners communicate in English for **Language Arts** purposes within the school setting.

Grade Level: Second Grade

	Level 1 Entering	Level 2 Beginning	Level 3 Developing	Level 4 Expanding	Level 5 Bridging	Standard or Anchor	
Listening	Point to illustrations during teacher's reading of picture books.	Sort pictures of short segments of a read aloud using a graphic organizer.	Sequence pictures from a read-aloud using a graphic organizer.	Respond to a read-aloud by role-playing working with a partner.	Draw conclusions from a read-aloud using a graphic organizer.	1.6.3B	
Reading	Retell stories using a series of pictures.	Match sentence strips to illustrations in a story.	Sequence a series of illustrated sentence strips to tell a story.	Identify phrases or sentences in a story that support the main idea working with a partner.	Participate in a reading/ literature circle to draw conclusions about grade level text.	R3.A1.3	Level 6- Reaching
Speaking	Answer WH-questions based on illustrations in response to stories, chants or poems.	Describe a character from an illustrated story to a partner.	Retell a story using picture prompts with a partner.	Discuss reasons for a character's actions working with a partner.	Justify reasons for a character's actions with visual supports.	1.6D 1.6E	hing
Writing	Label family members in a drawing or picture using a word wall.	Write short sentences about a family picture or drawing using a word wall.	Write a journal entry about a family event using a picture dictionary or word wall.	Write a paragraph describing a family trip using a guided model.	Write a letter to a friend describing a family vacation using a guided model.	1.4.3A	

Humanities Curriculum for English/Language Arts and Social Studies

Second Grade

"Persistent Learners"—Seeing it through

(Social Studies Focus: Neighborhoods)

MARKING PERIOD 1

Overarching Concept: Goal

Theme: Focus on the Goal: Striving to Do My Best

Big Idea/Enduring Understanding: Without a clear focus, one will struggle to see a project through to the end. With the end, or goal, in mind, a student will strive to do his/her best to be successful. Often one may attempt to complete a task with only the goal of getting it finished, rather than working for quality in the workmanship. This unit will focus on how others in literature and throughout history have had a clear focus on a goal and have been successful in achieving their dream.

Essential Questions:

- What is a goal?
- Why is a goal important?
- Is it okay to change my goal?
- When should I change my goal?
- How do I decide on my goal?
- How do I avoid getting distracted from my goal?

Cumulating Assessment: Student will participate in a small group discussion comparing and contrasting two or more versions of the same story about goals or goal setting by different authors or from different cultures. (N.B. Students will discuss and identify a personal goal to achieve throughout the year. This goal will be a vital part for future Cumulating Assessment(s).)

Common Assessment Tool: Small Group Discussion Rubric

Other Assessments: McGraw-Hill Wonders Unit 1 test*, tests, quizzes, projects, presentations, teacher observation, classwork, class participation. *=non-negotiable

Suggested Community Outreach: Local firefighters

Resources: for ELA and Social Studies

Tier I: McGraw-Hill's Wonders Unit 1, On-Grade Level Leveled Readers, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier II: Approaching and Beyond Leveled Readers, ESL Leveled Readers, REACH (ESL), Moby Max, Wilson Fluency Kit, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier III: Wonderworks, Wilson Reading System, Fundations, Corrective Reading, teacher selected materials.

Suggested Teacher Resources: Various Rubrics (See Appendixes), www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, wwww.interventioncentral.org, <a href="https://www.inter

Academic Vocabulary:

ELA: N/A

Social Studies: citizen, community behavior, community interest, community projects, fairness, forms of media, nation, Pennsylvania, personal choice, responsible, solution, state symbols.

Suggested Activities: SWiRL-ing (Integrating Literacy Skills in Every Lesson)

Speaking	Writing	Reading	Listening
Show and tell, Think-Talk,-	Writing Process, Journal	Foundation Skills: Clap	Partner reporting,
Write, Think-Pair-Share,	writing, Self/peer revising,	syllables, Tap phonemes, Title	Interviewing, Music, Read
Learning centers, Dramatic	Interactive writing,	boards, Letter boards,	alongs, Recorded readings,
presentations, Oral	Independent writing, Graphic	Magnetic letters, Letter	Questions/answers from
presentations, Scenarios,	organizers, Integration of	sorting, Elkonian boxes, Multi-	speech/recording/oral
Small group discussions, Class	technology skills, Note taking,	sensory activities (sand,	presentation, Following
discussions, Read alouds,	Visual aids.	shaving cream, water pens,	directions.
Collaborative work.		etc.) Letter drills/chants, Read	
		alouds, Repeated readings.	
		Reading Comprehension:	
		Literature circles, Reading	
		games, Book clubs, Guided	
		reading groups, Graphic	
		organizers, Talking to the Text,	
		Partner reading, Read alongs,	
		Read alouds.	

Standards: ELA

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled onesyllable words. Reading Informational Text Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Explain how graphics contribute to and clarify text. Reading Literature Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story by different authors or from different cultures. Grammar Divide a sentence between the complete subject and complete predicate.	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 2 Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Read grade-level high-frequency sight words and words with inconsistent by common spelling —sound correspondences. Fluency Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details Ask and answer Wh's questions about key details. Craft and Structure Use text features (graphs, illustrations, font, etc.) to locate key information efficiently.	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 4 Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition • Decode two-syllable words with long vowels and words with common prefixes and suffixes. Fluency • Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details • Describe the connection between a series of events, concepts, or process. Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details • Describe how characters respond to major events and challenges. Craft and Structure
complete subject and complete	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Critical Listening

Recount or describe key ideas what a speaker says to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding.

Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

• Ask and answer Wh's questions about key details.

Craft and Structure

 Describe structure of a story (beginning, middle, end).

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

 Use illustrations and words to demonstrate understanding of characters, setting, or plot.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary.

Writing

	Narrative	
Focus	Establish a situation and	
	introduce a narrator	
	and/or character.	
Content	Include thoughts and	
	feelings to describe	
	experiences and events to	
	show the response of	
	characters to situations.	
Organization	Organize a short sequence	
	of events, using temporal	

Writing

	Argumentative
Focus	Identify the topic and state
	an opinion.
Content	Support opinion with
	reasons that include details
	connected to opinion.
Organization	Create an organizational
	structure that includes
	reasons and includes a
	concluding statement.
Style	Use a variety of words and
	phrases to appeal to an
	audience.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material as needed.
	as needed.

Grammar

 Correctly form irregular plural nouns and regular and irregular possessive nouns.

Technology and Publication

• Explore a variety of digital tools in collaboration with peers.

	words and provide a sense of closure.
Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns. Use commas and apostrophes. Spell words, drawing on common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult references
	material as needed.

Grammar

 Identify and write complete declarative, interrogative, exclamatory, and imperative sentences.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Collaborative Discussion

 Participate in collaborative conversations in small and large groups.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Purpose, Audience, and Task

 Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Evaluating Information

 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Multimedia

 Add drawings or other visual displays to presentations when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

Conventions of Standard English

 Demonstrate a command of the conventions of Standard English when speaking based on Grade
 2 level and content.

To be Mastered in 2nd Grade MP 3

Foundation Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition

• Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Fluency

 Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.

Reading Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

 Identify main idea of a multiparagraph text.

Craft and Structure

• Determine meaning of words and phrases for multiple-meaning words.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Describe how reasons support specific points in a text.
- Compare and contrast key ideas presented in two texts on same topic.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.

Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

• Recount stories and determine their central message, lesson, moral.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Informational	
Focus	Identify and introduce the	
	topic.	
Content	Develop the topic with	
	facts and/or definitions.	
Organization	Group information and	
	provide a concluding	
	statement or section.	

Style	Choose words and phrases	
	for effect.	
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.	
	Use commas and	
	apostrophes.	
	Spell words, drawing on	
	common spelling	
	patterns.	
	Consult reference material,	
	as needed.	

Grammar

• Define, classify, and identify common and proper nouns and types of verbs in sentences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• Strengthen writing through revision and editing.

Conducting Research

• Participate in individual or shared research and writing projects.

Credibility, Reliability, and Validity of Sources

• With guidance and support, recall relevant information from experience or gather relevant information from provided sources to answer a question.

Speaking and Listening Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

	Context	
	 Produce complete sentences when 	I
	appropriate to task and situation in	I
	order to provide requested details	I
	or clarification.	I

Social Studies—Setting the Goals for a Neighborhood

Essential Questions:

- How does a neighborhood plan for the future?
- How can a neighborhood use its people, organizations, and resources to plan for the future?
- What does a responsible citizen do to help his/her neighborhood?

Suggested Activities/Assessments:

- Student will create a graphic organizer for possible problem/solution within a neighborhood.
- Students will write and draw a narrative story board about school rules.
- Students will use listening skills to paraphrase the visit from the local firefighter.

Standards: Social Studies

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Civics and Government	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 2	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 4
Principles and Documents of	Civics and Government	Civics and Government
Government	Principles and Documents of	How Government Works
 Explain the purposes of rules and 	Government	 Describe situations in the state or
their consequences in the		nation when having an elected
classroom and school community.		

- Explain the importance of rules in the classroom and school community.
- Define fairness in working with others.
- Explain why school rules are written and posted.

Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship

- Identify and explain the importance of responsibilities at school, at home, and in the community.
- Identify a problem and probable solution.
- Identify community projects/activities that support leadership and public service.
- Explain responsible community behavior.

How Government Works

- Identify positions of authority at school.
- Identify and explain behaviors for responsible school citizens and possible consequences for inappropriate action.
- Identify different types of media.

Economics

Scarcity and Choice

- Describe citizens' responsibilities to the state of Pennsylvania and the nation.
- Identify state symbols.

How Government Works

- Identify the role government plays in the community (education, transportation).
- Identify local government leaders.
- Identify other types of services provided by local government.
- Identify the responsibilities of voters after the vote.

Economics

Scarcity and Choice

• Identify community wants and needs.

Markets and Economic Systems

 Identify goods, services, consumers, and producers in the local community.

Functions of Government

 Identify examples of goods and services provided by the private sector.

Geography

 Identify how basic geographic tools are used to organize information.

- official representing the people is beneficial.
- Define taxes and why they are paid.

How International Relationships Function

- Explain examples of conflict in the community, state, and nation.
- Identify ways that countries can work together.
- Explain why nations need to work together for peace.
- Identify the different types of media.
- Explain how a community reaches compromise.

Economics

Functions of Government

- Define taxes and who pays them.
- Identify products produced outside the United States.

Economic Interdependence

- Identify local examples of specialization of work.
- Identify products that come from any different countries.

- Identify scarcity of resources within the school community.
- Explain how choice has consequences.
- Identify a choice based on community interest.

Markets and Economic Systems

• Define personal choice as related to buying an item.

Functions of Government

- Identify the specialized role performed by each member of the family.
- Identify individual wants and needs.

- Describe regions in geographic reference using physical features.
- Identify the physical characteristics of places.
- Identify the basic physical processes that affect the physical characteristics of regions.

To be Mastered in 2nd Grade MP 3 **Economics**

Markets and Economic Systems

- Differentiate between markets and competition.
- Explain how demand for a consumer good impacts price.
- Identify the impact on a community when a business closes.
- Describe the role of financial institutions as related to consumers' financial needs.

Income, Profit, and Wealth

- Explain how money earned by individuals is used to meet needs and wants.
- Differentiate how different job skills impact earnings.
- Describe the role of local businesses.
- Describe money saving behaviors.

 Identify buyers and sellers and how their wants and needs are addressed.

History

World History

- Explain why cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Explain the significance of historical documents on world history.
- Identify how cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Identify global issues that require cooperation among nations.

- Describe the qualities that may be necessary to complete a task.
- Explain the responsibilities of a business owner.
- Identify how saving for a purchase occurs over time.
- Describe why people save money in the local bank.

Geography

 Identify the effect of local geography on the residents of the region (food, clothing, industry, trade, types of shelter, etc.)

History

Historical Analysis and Skills Development

- Read and interpret information on simple timelines.
- Identify documents relating to an event.
- Apply sources of historical information.

United States History

- Identify groups and organizations and their contributions to the United States.
- Identify American artifacts and their importance in American history.

MOUNTAIN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL		
Learning to Soar		
	 Identify facts related to how different people describe the same event at different time periods. 	

Humanities Curriculum for English/Language Arts and Social Studies

Second Grade

"Persistent Learners"—Seeing it through

(Social Studies Focus: Neighborhoods)

MARKING PERIOD 2

Overarching Concept: Challenge

Theme: Adapt to Challenges—Changing to Meet My Needs/Wants

Big Idea/Enduring Understanding: In order be persistent, one must recognize that everything does not go as one may plan from the start. One must adapt to any challenges that may occur over time. Challenges may come from within oneself or from the world around him/her. Challenges happen, but one who can adapt to these challenges has a better chance to see a task through to its end. In this unit, students will read a variety of text from literature and informational texts to see how others adapt to their challenges and by doing so, meet their own needs and/or wants to be successful.

Essential Questions:

- What is a challenge?
- How might I adjust due to challenges?
- Why do I have to adjust?
- What resources do I need to adjust?
- What can I change; what can I not change?

Cumulating Assessment: Students will write a friendly letter (a personal narrative) to a family member or another adult about their journey towards their personal goal.

Common Assessment Tool: Narrative Writing Rubric

Other Assessments: McGraw-Hill Wonders Units 2 and 3 test*, tests, quizzes, projects, presentations, teacher observation, classwork, class participation. *=non-negotiable

Suggested Community Outreach: Local Post Office

Resources: for ELA and Social Studies

Tier I: McGraw-Hill's Wonders Units 2 and 3, On-Grade Level Leveled Readers, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier II: Approaching and Beyond Leveled Readers, ESL Leveled Readers, REACH (ESL), Moby Max, Wilson Fluency Kit, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier III: Wonderworks, Wilson Reading System, Fundations, Corrective Reading, teacher selected materials.

Suggested Teacher Resources: Various Rubrics (See Appendixes), www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, <a href

Academic Vocabulary:

ELA: apostrophes, imperative sentences, plot, proper nouns, response of characters, situation, Wh's questions.

Social Studies: commerce, community, ethnicity, government leaders, historical figures, industry, local government, monument, private sector, regions, resident, services, social organizations, statutes, voters.

Suggested Activities: SWiRL-ing (Integrating Literacy Skills in Every Lesson)

Speaking	Writing	Reading	Listening
Show and tell, Think-Talk,-	Writing Process, Journal	Foundation Skills: Clap	Partner reporting,
Write, Think-Pair-Share,	writing, Self/peer revising,	syllables, Tap phonemes, Title	Interviewing, Music, Read
Learning centers, Dramatic	Interactive writing,	boards, Letter boards,	alongs, Recorded readings,
presentations, Oral	Independent writing, Graphic	Magnetic letters, Letter	Questions/answers from
presentations, Scenarios,	organizers, Integration of	sorting, Elkonian boxes, Multi-	speech/recording/oral
Small group discussions, Class	technology skills, Note taking,	sensory activities (sand,	presentation, Following
discussions, Read alouds,	Visual aids.	shaving cream, water pens,	directions.
Collaborative work.		etc.) Letter drills/chants, Read	
		alouds, Repeated readings.	
		Reading Comprehension:	
		Literature circles, Reading	
		games, Book clubs, Guided	
		reading groups, Graphic	
		organizers, Talking to the Text,	
		Partner reading, Read alongs,	
		Read alouds.	

Standards: ELA

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Read grade-level high-frequency sight words and words with inconsistent by common spelling – sound correspondences. Fluency Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details Ask and answer Wh's questions about key details. Craft and Structure Use text features (graphs, illustrations, font, etc.) to locate key information efficiently. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary. Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 3 Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. Fluency Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details Identify main idea of a multiparagraph text. Craft and Structure Determine meaning of words and phrases for multiple-meaning words. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Describe how reasons support specific points in a text. Compare and contrast key ideas presented in two texts on same topic. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 1 Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Decode multi-syllable words. Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details Ask and answer questions about text. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a range of strategies and tools. Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details Ask and answer questions about text. Describe characters and explain how their actions contribute to the plot.

• Ask and answer Wh's questions about key details.

Craft and Structure

• Describe structure of a story (beginning, middle, end).

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

 Use illustrations and words to demonstrate understanding of characters, setting, or plot.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary.

Writing

	Narrative	
Focus	Establish a situation and	
	introduce a narrator	
	and/or character.	
Content	Include thoughts and	
	feelings to describe	
	experiences and events to	
	show the response of	
	characters to situations.	
Organization	Organize a short sequence	
	of events, using temporal	
	words and provide a sense	
	of closure.	

Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details

• Recount stories and determine their central message, lesson, moral.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Informational
Focus	Identify and introduce the
	topic.
Content	Develop the topic with
	facts and/or definitions.
Organization	Group information and
	provide a concluding
	statement or section.
Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material,
	as needed.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Narrative	
Focus	Establish a situation and	
	introduce a narrator	
	and/or character.	
Content	Use dialogue and	
	descriptions of actions,	
	thoughts, and feelings to	
	develop experiences and	
	events or show the	
	response of characters to	
	situations.	
Organization	Organize an event	
	sequence that unfolds	
	naturally, using temporal	
	words and phrases and	
	provide a sense of closure.	
Style	Choose words and phrases	
	for effect.	

Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult references
	material as needed.

Grammar

• Identify and write complete declarative, interrogative, exclamatory, and imperative sentences.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Collaborative Discussion

 Participate in collaborative conversations in small and large groups.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Purpose, Audience, and Task

 Tell a story or recount an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Multimedia

Add drawings or other visual displays to presentations when

Grammar

 Define, classify, and identify common and proper nouns and types of verbs in sentences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• Strengthen writing through revision and editing.

Conducting Research

• Participate in individual or shared research and writing projects.

Credibility, Reliability, and Validity of Sources

 With guidance and support, recall relevant information from experience or gather relevant information from provided sources to answer a question.

Speaking and Listening Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Context

 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested details or clarification.

To be Mastered in 2nd Grade MP 4

Foundation Skills

Conventions	Use complete sentences.
	Use appropriate paragraph
	structure.
	Use correct subject-verb
	agreement.
	Use correct pronoun case.
	Use commas in letter
	writing.
	Use correct grade-level
	spelling.
	Use correct word in
	troublesome pairs.

Grammar

- Use declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative sentences.
- Identify the simple subject and simple verb of a sentence.
- Correctly identify and use pronoun case.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• With guidance and support, focus on a topic.

appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.

Conventions of Standard English

 Demonstrate a command of the conventions of Standard English when speaking based on Grade 2 level and content.

Phonics and Word Recognition

 Decode two-syllable words with long vowels and words with common prefixes and suffixes.

Fluency

• Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.

Reading Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

• Describe the connection between a series of events, concepts, or process.

Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

• Describe how characters respond to major events and challenges.

Craft and Structure

- Read dramatically for character voice.
- Describe how words and phrases supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song.

Writing

	Argumentative	
Focus	Identify the topic and state	
	an opinion.	
Content	Support opinion with	
	reasons that include details	
	connected to opinion.	
Organization	Create an organizational	
	structure that includes	

	reasons and includes a
	concluding statement.
Style	Use a variety of words and
	phrases to appeal to an
	audience.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material
	as needed.

Grammar

 Correctly form irregular plural nouns and regular and irregular possessive nouns.

Technology and Publication

• Explore a variety of digital tools in collaboration with peers.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Evaluating Information

 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding.

Social Studies—Meeting the Challenges of a Neighborhood

Essential Questions:

- How does a neighborhood plan have challenges?
- How can a neighborhood use its people, organizations, and resources meet its challenges?
- How can a neighborhood meet its challenges in the 21st Century?

Suggested Activities/Assessments:

- Student will create a graphic organizer for possible problem/solution within a neighborhood.
- Students will write and draw a narrative story board about school rules.
- Students will use listening skills to paraphrase the visit from the local firefighter.

Standards: Social Studies

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce	
Civics and Government	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 3	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 1	
Principles and Documents of Government Describe citizens' responsibilities to the state of Pennsylvania and the nation. Identify state symbols. How Government Works	 Economics Markets and Economic Systems Differentiate between markets and competition. Explain how demand for a consumer good impacts price. 	Civics and Government Principles and Documents of Government Explain the purposes of rules, laws, and consequences. Explain rules and laws for the	
 Identify the role government plays in the community (education, transportation). Identify local government leaders. 	 Identify the impact on a community when a business closes. Describe the role of financial institutions as related to consumers' financial needs. 	classroom. Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship Identify personal rights and responsibilities.	

- Identify other types of services provided by local government.
- Identify the responsibilities of voters after the vote.

Economics

Scarcity and Choice

• Identify community wants and needs.

Markets and Economic Systems

 Identify goods, services, consumers, and producers in the local community.

Functions of Government

 Identify examples of goods and services provided by the private sector.

Geography

- Identify how basic geographic tools are used to organize information.
- Describe regions in geographic reference using physical features.
- Identify the physical characteristics of places.
- Identify the basic physical processes that affect the physical characteristics of regions.

Income, Profit, and Wealth

- Explain how money earned by individuals is used to meet needs and wants.
- Differentiate how different job skills impact earnings.
- Describe the role of local businesses.
- Describe money saving behaviors.
- Describe the qualities that may be necessary to complete a task.
- Explain the responsibilities of a business owner.
- Identify how saving for a purchase occurs over time.
- Describe why people save money in the local bank.

Geography

 Identify the effect of local geography on the residents of the region (food, clothing, industry, trade, types of shelter, etc.)

History

Historical Analysis and Skills Development

- Read and interpret information on simple timelines.
- Identify documents relating to an event.

- Identify the sources of conflict and disagreement and different ways conflict can be resolved.
- Identify leadership and public service opportunities in the school, community, state, and nation.
- Describe how citizens participate in school and community activities.

How Government Works

- Identify how laws are made in the local community.
- Identify services performed by the local governments.
- Identify positions of authority at school and community.
- Explain the purpose for elections.
- Explain how an action may be just or unjust.
- Identify individual interests and explain ways to influence others.

• Apply sources of historical information.

United States History

- Identify groups and organizations and their contributions to the United States.
- Identify American artifacts and their importance in American history.
- Identify facts related to how different people describe the same event at different time periods.
- Demonstrate an understanding of how different groups describe the same event or situation.

To be Mastered in 2nd Grade MP 4

Civics and Government How Government Works

- Describe situations in the state or nation when having an elected official representing the people is beneficial.
- Define taxes and why they are paid.

How International Relationships Function

- Explain examples of conflict in the community, state, and nation.
- Identify ways that countries can work together.
- Explain why nations need to work together for peace.
- Identify the different types of media.
- Explain how a community reaches compromise.

Economics

Functions of Government

- Define taxes and who pays them.
- Identify products produced outside the United States.

Economic Interdependence

- Identify local examples of specialization of work.
- Identify products that come from any different countries.
- Identify buyers and sellers and how their wants and needs are addressed.

History

World History

 Explain why cultures have commemorations and remembrances.

MOUNTAIN	VIEW ELEMEN	TARY SCHOOL

- Explain the significance of historical documents on world history.
- Identify how cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Identify global issues that require cooperation among nations.

Humanities Curriculum for English/Language Arts and Social Studies

Second Grade

"Persistent Learners"—Seeing it through

(Social Studies Focus: Neighborhoods)

MARKING PERIOD 3

Overarching Concept: Strengths

Theme: Use Your Strengths—Overcoming Obstacles

Big Idea/Enduring Understanding: When one knows and uses his/her own strengths, persistence is easier to achieve. Seeing one's obstacles as opportunities for growth and ingenuity, one may be empowered to reach higher and to be successful. A persistent learner knows what questions remain, but uses his/her strengths to answer or solve a problem with creativity and invention. This unit students will identify their own strengths and compare themselves to others from texts so that they may preserver to success.

Essential Questions:

- What are my strengths?
- When and why should I use my strengths?
- How do I identify my strengths?
- How do my strengths help me overcome my obstacles?
- How do we and others benefit from using our strengths?

Cumulating Assessment: Student will write an informative piece of writing on a famous American, identifying his/her obstacle(s) and ways that they overcame their obstacles.

Common Assessment Tool: Informative Writing Rubric

Other Assessments: McGraw-Hill Wonders Units 4 and 5 test*, tests, quizzes, projects, presentations, teacher observation, classwork, class participation. *=non-negotiable

Suggested Community Outreach: Local business owners or soldier

Resources: for ELA and Social Studies

Tier I: McGraw-Hill's Wonders Units 4 and 5, On-Grade Level Leveled Readers, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier II: Approaching and Beyond Leveled Readers, ESL Leveled Readers, REACH (ESL), Moby Max, Wilson Fluency Kit, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier III: Wonderworks, Wilson Reading System, Fundations, Corrective Reading, teacher selected materials.

Suggested Teacher Resources: Various Rubrics (See Appendixes), www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, wwww.interventioncentral.org, <a href="https://www.interventioncentral.org<

Academic Vocabulary:

ELA: Compare, contrast, definition, multi-paragraph, multiple-meaning words, recount.

Social Studies: artifacts, business owner, competition, demand, earnings, financial institutions, financial needs, job skills, local bank, local business, local geography, markets, money earned, purchase, qualities, residents, savings, timelines, time periods.

Suggested Activities: SWiRL-ing (Integrating Literacy Skills in Every Lesson)

Speaking	Writing	Reading	Listening
Show and tell, Think-Talk,-	Writing Process, Journal	Foundation Skills: Clap	Partner reporting,
Write, Think-Pair-Share,	writing, Self/peer revising,	syllables, Tap phonemes, Title	Interviewing, Music, Read
Learning centers, Dramatic	Interactive writing,	boards, Letter boards,	alongs, Recorded readings,
presentations, Oral	Independent writing, Graphic	Magnetic letters, Letter	Questions/answers from
presentations, Scenarios,	organizers, Integration of	sorting, Elkonian boxes, Multi-	speech/recording/oral
Small group discussions, Class	technology skills, Note taking,	sensory activities (sand,	presentation, Following
discussions, Read alouds,	Visual aids.	shaving cream, water pens,	directions.
Collaborative work.		etc.) Letter drills/chants, Read	
		alouds, Repeated readings.	
		Reading Comprehension:	
		Literature circles, Reading	
		games, Book clubs, Guided	
		reading groups, Graphic	
		organizers, Talking to the Text,	

	Partner reading, Read alongs,	
	Read alouds.	

Standards: ELA

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Foundation Skills	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 4	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 2
Phonics and Word Recognition	Foundation Skills	Foundation Skills
Phonics and Word Recognition Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words. Fluency Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details Identify main idea of a multiparagraph text. Craft and Structure Determine meaning of words and phrases for multiple-meaning words. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Describe how reasons support specific	Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition • Decode two-syllable words with long vowels and words with common prefixes and suffixes. Fluency • Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details • Describe the connection between a series of events, concepts, or process. Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details • Describe how characters respond to major events and challenges.	Foundation Skills Phonics and Word Recognition Decode words with common Latin suffixes. Fluency Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Use context to confirm or self-correct recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. Reading Informational Text
points in a text.	Craft and Structure	Key Ideas and Details
 Compare and contrast key ideas presented in two texts on same topic. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words 	 Read dramatically for character voice. Describe how words and phrases supply rhythm and meaning in a story, poem, or song. Writing 	 Identify main idea and key details, showing how they support the main idea. Craft and Structure Explain an author's point of view.

and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.

Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details

• Recount stories and determine their central message, lesson, moral.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases, choosing a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Informational
Focus	Identify and introduce the
	topic.
Content	Develop the topic with
	facts and/or definitions.
Organization	Group information and
	provide a concluding
	statement or section.
Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material,
	as needed.

Argumentative	
Focus	Identify the topic and state
	an opinion.
Content	Support opinion with
	reasons that include details
	connected to opinion.
Organization	Create an organizational
	structure that includes
	reasons and includes a
	concluding statement.
Style	Use a variety of words and
	phrases to appeal to an
	audience.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material
	as needed.

Grammar

 Correctly form irregular plural nouns and regular and irregular possessive nouns.

Technology and Publication

• Explore a variety of digital tools in collaboration with peers.

Speaking and Listening

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Use text features to demonstrate understanding of text.
- Compare and contrast key and supporting details in two texts on same topic.

Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details

• Explain how central message, lesson, or moral is conveyed in text.

Craft and Structure

• Explain an author's point of view.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

 Explain how illustrations convey meaning, create mood, and emphasize character and setting.

Writing

	Informative
Focus	Identify and introduce the
	topic.
Content	Develop the topic with
	facts, definitions, details
	and illustrations.
Organization	Create an organizational
	structure that includes
	information grouped and
	connected logically with a
	concluding statement or
	section.

Grammar

• Define, classify, and identify common and proper nouns and types of verbs in sentences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• Strengthen writing through revision and editing.

Conducting Research

• Participate in individual or shared research and writing projects.

Credibility, Reliability, and Validity of Sources

• With guidance and support, recall relevant information from experience or gather relevant information from provided sources to answer a question.

Speaking and Listening Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas Context

 Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested details or clarification.

Comprehension and Collaboration Evaluating Information

 Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says to clarify comprehension, gather additional information, or deepen understanding.

To be Mastered in 3rd Grade MP 1 Foundation Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition

- Decode multi-syllable words.
- Read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.

Reading Informational Text Key Ideas and Details

• Ask and answer questions about text.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a range of strategies and tools.

Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details

• Ask and answer questions about text.

Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.
Conventions	Use complete sentences.
	Use appropriate paragraph
	structure.
	Use correct subject-verb
	agreement.
	Use correct pronoun case.
	Use commas in letter
	writing.
	Use correct grade-level
	spelling.
	Use correct word in
	troublesome pairs.

Grammar

• Identify the compound subjects and compound predicates in sentences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• With guidance and support, strengthen writing through revising and editing.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Collaborative Discussion

- Express one's own ideas clearly.
- Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade level topics.

• Describe characters and explain how their actions contribute to the plot.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

- Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Narrative
Focus	Establish a situation and
7 0 0 0 0	introduce a narrator
	and/or character.
Content	Use dialogue and
	descriptions of actions,
	thoughts, and feelings to
	develop experiences and
	events or show the
	response of characters to
	situations.
Organization	Organize an event
	sequence that unfolds
	naturally, using temporal
	words and phrases and
	provide a sense of closure.

Style	Choose words and phrases	
	for effect.	
Conventions	Use complete sentences.	
	Use appropriate paragraph structure.	
	Use correct subject-verb agreement.	
	Use correct pronoun case.	
	Use commas in letter writing.	
	Use correct grade-level	
	spelling.	
	Use correct word in	
	troublesome pairs.	
Grammar		
 Use declarative interrogative 		

- Use declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative sentences.
- Identify the simple subject and simple verb of a sentence.
- Correctly identify and use pronoun case.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• With guidance and support, focus on a topic.

Social Studies—The Successes of a Neighborhood

Essential Questions:

- How does economics play a role in the success of a neighborhood?
- How can a neighborhood use its people, organizations, and resources to strengthen its economic system?
- How does one contribute to the economics of his/her neighborhood?

Suggested Activities/Assessments:

- Student will create a graphic organizer for a flow chart of economics.
- Students will write and draw a timeline for a historical event or report of how money impacts the strength of a neighborhood.
- Students will role play the process of product to market to individual.
- Students will write a short biography of a famous American with appropriate facts.

Standards: Social Studies

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Economics	To be Mastered in 2 nd Grade MP 4	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 2
Markets and Economic Systems	Civics and Government	Economics
 Differentiate between markets and competition. Explain how demand for a consumer good impacts price. Identify the impact on a community when a business closes. Describe the role of financial institutions as related to consumers' financial needs. 	 Describe situations in the state or nation when having an elected official representing the people is beneficial. Define taxes and why they are paid. How International Relationships Function 	 Scarcity and Choice Define scarcity and identify examples of resources, wants, and needs. Identify needs and wants of people. Identify examples of natural, human, and capital resources.

Income, Profit, and Wealth

- Explain how money earned by individuals is used to meet needs and wants.
- Differentiate how different job skills impact earnings.
- Describe the role of local businesses.
- Describe money saving behaviors.
- Describe the qualities that may be necessary to complete a task.
- Explain the responsibilities of a business owner.
- Identify how saving for a purchase occurs over time.
- Describe why people save money in the local bank.

Geography

 Identify the effect of local geography on the residents of the region (food, clothing, industry, trade, types of shelter, etc.)

History

Historical Analysis and Skills Development

- Read and interpret information on simple timelines.
- Identify documents relating to an event.

- Explain examples of conflict in the community, state, and nation.
- Identify ways that countries can work together.
- Explain why nations need to work together for peace.
- Identify the different types of media.
- Explain how a community reaches compromise.

Economics

Functions of Government

- Define taxes and who pays them.
- Identify products produced outside the United States.

Economic Interdependence

- Identify local examples of specialization of work.
- Identify products that come from any different countries.
- Identify buyers and sellers and how their wants and needs are addressed.

History

World History

 Explain why cultures have commemorations and remembrances.

- Explain what is given up when making a choice.
- Identify reasons why people make a choice.

Markets and Economic Systems

- Identify goods, services, consumers, and producers in the local community.
- Identify competing sellers in the local market.
- Identify types of advertising designed to influence personal choice.
- Define price and how prices vary for products.
- Describe the effect of local businesses opening and closing.
- Identify private economic institutions.
- Identify characteristics of the local economy.

Functions of Government

- Identify goods and services provided by the government.
- Identify examples of government involvement in local economic activities.
- Define tax and explain the relationship between taxation and government services.

Economic Independence

Apply sources of historical information.

United States History

- Identify groups and organizations and their contributions to the United States.
- Identify American artifacts and their importance in American history.
- Identify facts related to how different people describe the same event at different time periods.
- Demonstrate an understanding of how different groups describe the same event or situation.

- Explain the significance of historical documents on world history.
- Identify how cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Identify global issues that require cooperation among nations.

To be Mastered in 3rd Grade MP 1

Civics and GovernmentPrinciples and Documents of Government

- Explain the purposes of rules, laws, and consequences.
- Explain rules and laws for the classroom.

Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship

- Identify personal rights and responsibilities.
- Identify the sources of conflict and disagreement and different ways conflict can be resolved.
- Identify leadership and public service opportunities in the school, community, state, and nation.
- Describe how citizens participate in school and community activities.

How Government Works

- Identify local examples of specialization and division of labor.
- Identify examples of trade, imports, and exports in the local community.

Income, Profit, and Wealth

- Explain why people work.
- Identify different occupations.
- Identify tangible and intangible assets.
- Define saving and explain why people save.
- Identify the role of banks in our local community.

MOUNTAIN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Learning to Soar

- Identify how laws are made in the local community.
- Identify services performed by the local governments.
- Identify positions of authority at school and community.
- Explain the purpose for elections.
- Explain how an action may be just or unjust.
- Identify individual interests and explain ways to influence others.

Humanities Curriculum for English/Language Arts and Social Studies

Second Grade

"Persistent Learners"—Seeing it through

(Social Studies Focus: Neighborhoods)

MARKING PERIOD 4

Overarching Concept: Persistence

Theme: Try and Try Again—Persisting to the End

Big Idea/Enduring Understanding: One does not always success in the first attempt at our goal. This is not failure, if we learn from our attempt and try again. We often grow and strengthen our talents and find new ones when we persist to find an answer or solve a problem. This unit will focus on the many attempts characters and persons in history have found success when they preserver to the end by trying and trying again.

Essential Questions:

- When should I try again?
- How many times should I try again?
- Why should I try again?
- Do others try again?
- Do I need to change anything before I try again?
- Is there any time I should not try again?

Cumulating Assessment: Students will write an opinion piece of writing based upon text as to why trying again is important or not.

Common Assessment Tool: Opinion Writing Rubric

Other Assessments: McGraw-Hill Wonders Unit 6 test*, tests, quizzes, projects, presentations, teacher observation, classwork, class participation. *=non-negotiable

Suggested Community Outreach: Local police

Resources: for ELA and Social Studies

Tier I: McGraw-Hill's Wonders Unit 6, On-Grade Level Leveled Readers, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier II: Approaching and Beyond Leveled Readers, ESL Leveled Readers, REACH (ESL), Moby Max, Wilson Fluency Kit, Accelerated Reader, teacher selected materials.

Tier III: Wonderworks, Wilson Reading System, Fundations, Corrective Reading, teacher selected materials.

Suggested Teacher Resources: Various Rubrics (See Appendixes), www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.readworks.org, www.interventioncentral.org, wwww.interventioncentral.org, <a href="https://www.inter

Academic Vocabulary:

ELA: challenges, character voices, concepts, dramatically, meaning in a story, poem, possessive nouns, process, rhythm, song, topic.

Social Studies: buyers, commemoration, community, conflict, global issue, nation, peace, remembrance, represent, sellers, state, taxes.

Suggested Activities: SWiRL-ing (Integrating Literacy Skills in Every Lesson)

Speaking	Writing	Reading	Listening
Show and tell, Think-Talk,-	Writing Process, Journal	Foundation Skills: Clap	Partner reporting,
Write, Think-Pair-Share,	writing, Self/peer revising,	syllables, Tap phonemes, Title	Interviewing, Music, Read
Learning centers, Dramatic	Interactive writing,	boards, Letter boards,	alongs, Recorded readings,
presentations, Oral	Independent writing, Graphic	Magnetic letters, Letter	Questions/answers from
presentations, Scenarios,	organizers, Integration of	sorting, Elkonian boxes, Multi-	speech/recording/oral
Small group discussions, Class	technology skills, Note taking,	sensory activities (sand,	presentation, Following
discussions, Read alouds,	Visual aids.	shaving cream, water pens,	directions.
Collaborative work.		etc.) Letter drills/chants, Read	
		alouds, Repeated readings.	
		Reading Comprehension:	
		Literature circles, Reading	
		games, Book clubs, Guided	
		reading groups, Graphic	
		organizers, Talking to the Text,	
		Partner reading, Read alongs,	
		Read alouds.	

Standards: ELA

Students will...

	Master	Develop	Introduce
Foundatio	n Skills	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 1	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 3
Phonics and	Word Recognition	Foundation Skills	Foundation Skills
vowe	de two-syllable words with long els and words with common xes and suffixes.	 Phonics and Word Recognition Decode multi-syllable words. Read grade-appropriate 	 Phonics and Word Recognition Identify and know the meaning of most common prefixes and
 Read 	on-level text with purpose and rstanding.	irregularly spelled words. Reading Informational Text	derivational suffixes. Reading Informational Text
	nformational Text	Key Ideas and Details	Key Ideas and Details
Reading Li Key Ideas ar Descrimajor Craft and St Read	be the connection between a of events, concepts, or process. Iterature and Details ribe how characters respond to revents and challenges.	 Ask and answer questions about text. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a 	 Make inferences and refer to text to support responses. Craft and Structure Use text features and search tools to locate and interpret information. Integration of Knowledge and Ideas Describe how an author connects sentences and paragraphs. Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details
	y rhythm and meaning in a	range of strategies and tools.	Make inferences and refer to text to
Writing	, poem, or song.	Reading Literature Key Ideas and Details	support responses. Craft and Structure
vviitilig	Argumentative	 Ask and answer questions about text. Describe characters and explain how 	 Refer to text by using terms such as chapter, scene, stanza.
Focus	Identify the topic and state an opinion.	their actions contribute to the plot. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	Show how one part builds upon an earlier part of the text.

Content	Support opinion with
	reasons that include details
	connected to opinion.
Organization	Create an organizational
	structure that includes
	reasons and includes a
	concluding statement.
Style	Use a variety of words and
	phrases to appeal to an
	audience.
Conventions	Capitalize proper nouns.
	Use commas and
	apostrophes.
	Spell words, drawing on
	common spelling
	patterns.
	Consult reference material
	as needed.

Grammar

• Correctly form irregular plural nouns and regular and irregular possessive nouns.

Technology and Publication

• Explore a variety of digital tools in collaboration with peers.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Evaluating Information

• Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says to clarify

- Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, general academics and content-specific vocabulary, including spatial and temporal relationships.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown or multiple-meaning words and phrases choosing flexibility from a range of strategies and tools.

Writing

	Narrative
Focus	Establish a situation and
	introduce a narrator
	and/or character.
Content	Use dialogue and
	descriptions of actions,
	thoughts, and feelings to
	develop experiences and
	events or show the
	response of characters to
	situations.
Organization	Organize an event
	sequence that unfolds
	naturally, using temporal
	words and phrases and
	provide a sense of closure.
Style	Choose words and phrases
	for effect.

Writing	
	Argument

	Argumentative	
Focus	Introduce the topic and	
	state an opinion.	
Content	Support opinion with	
	reasons.	
Organization	Create an organizational	
	structure that includes	
	reasons linked in a logical	
	order and includes a	
	concluding statement or	
	section.	
Style	Use a variety of words and	
	sentence types to appeal	
	to the audience.	
Conventions	Use complete sentences.	
	Use appropriate paragraph	
	structure.	
	Use correct subject-verb	
	agreement. Use correct pronoun case.	
	Use commas in letter	
	writing.	
	Use correct grade-level	
	spelling.	
	Use correct word in	
_	troublesome pairs.	
C 40 100 100 0 4		

Grammar

comprehension, gather additional
information, or deepen
understanding.

Conventions

Use complete sentences.
Use appropriate paragraph structure.

Use correct subject-verb agreement.

Use correct pronoun case.
Use commas in letter
writing.

Use correct grade-level spelling.

Use correct word in troublesome pairs.

Grammar

- Use declarative, interrogative, exclamatory and imperative sentences.
- Identify the simple subject and simple verb of a sentence.
- Correctly identify and use pronoun case.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• With guidance and support, focus on a topic.

To be Mastered in 3rd Grade MP 2

Foundation Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition

Decode words with common Latin suffixes.

Fluency

- Define, classify, identify, and use nouns (concrete or abstract) and verbs (action, linking or being).
- Use commas with modifiers.

Credibility, Reliability, and Validity of Sources

- Recall information from experience or gather information from print or digital resources.
- Take brief notes on sources.
- Sort evidence into provided categories.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Collaborative Discussion

• Build upon others' ideas.

- Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.
- Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
- Use context to confirm or selfcorrect recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

Reading Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

 Identify main idea and key details, showing how they support the main idea.

Craft and Structure

• Explain an author's point of view.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

- Use text features to demonstrate understanding of text.
- Compare and contrast key and supporting details in two texts on same topic.

Reading Literature

Key Ideas and Details

• Explain how central message, lesson, or moral is conveyed in text.

Craft and Structure

• Explain an author's point of view.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

 Explain how illustrations convey meaning, create mood, and emphasize character and setting.

Writing

	Informative
Focus	Identify and introduce the topic.
Content	Develop the topic with facts, definitions, details and illustrations.
Organization	Create an organizational structure that includes information grouped and connected logically with a concluding statement or section.
Style	Choose words and phrases for effect.
Conventions	Use complete sentences. Use appropriate paragraph structure. Use correct subject-verb agreement. Use correct pronoun case. Use commas in letter writing. Use correct grade-level spelling. Use correct word in troublesome pairs.

Grammar

• Identify the compound subjects and compound predicates in sentences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

• With guidance and support, strengthen writing through revising and editing.

Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration Collaborative Discussion

- Express one's own ideas clearly.
- Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions on grade level topics.

Social Studies—Why a Neighborhood has to Keep Trying

Essential Questions:

- How does a neighborhood overcome challenges?
- How can a neighborhood use its people, organizations, and resources to overcome challenges?
- What does a responsible citizen do to help his/her neighborhood be persistent?

Suggested Activities/Assessments:

- Student will create a graphic organizer for cause/effect within a neighborhood.
- Students will write and draw a letter to the editor about a good thing happening in their neighborhood.
- Students will ask questions to a local police office about protecting a neighborhood.

Standards: Social Studies

Students will...

Master	Develop	Introduce
Civics and Government	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 1	To be Mastered in 3 rd Grade MP 3
 Describe situations in the state or nation when having an elected official representing the people is beneficial. Define taxes and why they are paid. How International Relationships Function Explain examples of conflict in the community, state, and nation. Identify ways that countries can work together. Explain why nations need to work together for peace. Identify the different types of media. Explain how a community reaches compromise. 	Civics and Government Principles and Documents of Government Explain the purposes of rules, laws, and consequences. Explain rules and laws for the classroom. Rights and Responsibilities of Citizenship Identify personal rights and responsibilities. Identify the sources of conflict and disagreement and different ways conflict can be resolved. Identify leadership and public service opportunities in the school, community, state, and nation. Describe how citizens participate in school and community activities.	 Civics and Government Principles and Documents of Government Explain rules and laws for the community. Geography Identify how basic geographic tools are used to organize and interpret information about people, places, and environment. Identify and locate places and regions as defined by physical and human features. Identify the physical characteristics of places and regions. Identify the basic physical processes that affect the physical characteristics of places and regions.
Functions of Government	How Government Works	 Identify the human characteristics of places and regions using the
 Define taxes and who pays them. Identify products produced outside the United States. 	 Identify how laws are made in the local community. 	following criteria: Population, culture, settlement, economic activities, and political activities.

Economic Interdependence

- Identify local examples of specialization of work.
- Identify products that come from any different countries.
- Identify buyers and sellers and how their wants and needs are addressed.

History

World History

- Explain why cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Explain the significance of historical documents on world history.
- Identify how cultures have commemorations and remembrances.
- Identify global issues that require cooperation among nations.

- Identify services performed by the local governments.
- Identify positions of authority at school and community.
- Explain the purpose for elections.
- Explain how an action may be just or unjust.
- Identify individual interests and explain ways to influence others.

To be Mastered in 3rd Grade MP 2

Economics

Scarcity and Choice

- Define scarcity and identify examples of resources, wants, and needs.
- Identify needs and wants of people.
- Identify examples of natural, human, and capital resources.
- Explain what is given up when making a choice.
- Identify reasons why people make a choice.

Markets and Economic Systems

- Identify goods, services, consumers, and producers in the local community.
- Identify competing sellers in the local market.

- Identify the effect of the physical systems on people within a community.
- Identify the effect of people on the physical system within a community.

- Identify types of advertising designed to influence personal choice.
- Define price and how prices vary for products.
- Describe the effect of local businesses opening and closing.
- Identify private economic institutions.
- Identify characteristics of the local economy.

Functions of Government

- Identify goods and services provided by the government.
- Identify examples of government involvement in local economic activities.
- Define tax and explain the relationship between taxation and government services.

Economic Independence

- Identify local examples of specialization and division of labor.
- Identify examples of trade, imports, and exports in the local community.

Income, Profit, and Wealth

- Explain why people work.
- Identify different occupations.

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Identify tangible and intangible assets.
 Define saving and explain why people save.
 Identify the role of banks in our local community.

Appendix

Narrative Student Writing Rubric

2nd Grade

Ask Yourself:	1	2	3	4
	*	**	***	***
Did you recount a	No, I didn't recount	Well, I somewhat	Yes, I recounted	Yes, I recounted
well-elaborated	an event at all.	recounted an	an event or short	an event or short
event or short		event or short	sequence of	sequence of
sequence of		sequence of	events.	events in a very
events?		events.		creative way!
Did you include	No, I didn't include	Well, I include	Yes, I include	Yes, I include
details to describe	details to describe	SOME details to	SEVERAL details	MANY details to
actions, thoughts,	actions, thoughts,	describe actions,	to describe	describe actions,
and feelings?	and feelings.	thoughts, and	actions, thoughts,	thoughts, and
		feelings.	and feelings.	feelings in a very
				creative way!
Did you use	No, I didn't use	Well, I used a	Yes, I used	Yes, I used MANY
temporal words to	temporal words to	FEW temporal	SEVERAL	temporal words to
signal event	signal event order.	words to signal	temporal words to	signal event order
order?		event order.	signal event order.	in a very creative
				way.
Did you provide a	No, I didn't provide	Well, I somewhat	Yes, I provided a	Yes, I provided a
concluding	a concluding	provided a	concluding	concluding
statement or	statement or	concluding	statement or	statement or
section?	section at all.	statement or	section.	section in a very
		section.		creative way!

Name Date

Narrative Writing Rubric

	Applying Independently	Mastery	Approaching	Beginning
Focus	The student established a well-developed "who" and "what" the narrative will be about.	The student established "who" and "what" the narrative will be about.	The student somewhat established "who" OR "what" the narrative will be about.	The student did not establish "who" and "what" the narrative will be about.
Content	The student included 5 or more thoughts and feelings to describe experiences and events.	The student included 3-4 thoughts and feelings to describe experiences and events.	The student included 1-2 thoughts or feelings to describe an experience or event.	The students did not include thoughts and feelings to describe experiences and events.
Organization	The student recounted 4 or more sequences of events using temporal words and provided some sense of closure.	The student recounted at least 3 sequences of events using temporal words and provided some sense of closure.	The student recounted 1-2 events using limited temporal words and attempted to provide a sense of closure.	The student did not recount any sequence of events or use temporal words. The student did not provide a sense of closure.
Style	The student used words and phrases for effect throughout entire paper.	The student used a variety of words and phrases.	The student used limited words and phrases for effect.	The student did not provide words and phrases for effect.
Conventions	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with no errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled all sight words correctly.	The students used capitalization, punctuation, grammar with 3 or less errors. The Student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 3 or less sight words incorrectly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 4 errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 4 sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 5 or more errors, or the paper was unreadable. The student did not apply phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 5 or more sight words incorrectly.

Informational Student Writing Rubric 2nd Grade

Ask Yourself:	1	2	3	4
	*	**	***	***
Did you introduce	No, I didn't	Well, I somewhat	Yes, I introduced	Yes, I introduced
the topic you are	introduce my topic	introduced my	my topic.	my topic in a very
writing about?	at all.	topic.		creative way!
Did you use facts	No, I didn't use	Well, I used FEW	Yes, I used	Yes, I used MANY
and definitions to	facts and	facts and	SEVERAL facts	facts and
develop points?	definitions to	definitions to	and definitions to	definitions to
	develop points.	develop points.	develop points.	develop points in a
				very creative way!
Did you provide a	No, I didn't provide	Well, I somewhat	Yes, I provided a	Yes, I provided a
concluding	a concluding	provided a	concluding	concluding
statement or	statement or	concluding	statement or	statement or
section?	section at all.	statement or	section.	section in a very
		section.		creative way!

Name	Date
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Informative Writing Rubric

	Applying Independently	Mastery	Approaching	Beginning
Focus	The student identified and wrote about one specific topic and stayed on topic for entire paper.	The student identified and wrote about one specific topic and stayed on topic some of the time.	The student identified a topic but did not stay on topic most of the time.	The student did not write a topic sentence and did not stay on topic at all.
Content	The student developed the topic with 5 or more facts.	The student developed the topic with at least 3-4 facts.	The student developed the topic with at least 1-2 facts.	The student did not include any facts.
Organization	The student grouped information and provided closure.	The student grouped information and provided a sense of closure.	The student wrote a closing sentence that was unrelated to the topic.	The student did not provide a sense of closure at all.
Style	The student used words and phrases for effect throughout entire paper.	The student used words and phrases for effect.	The student used limited words and phrases for effect.	The student did not provide words and phrases for effect.
Conventions	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with no errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled all sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 3 or less errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 3 or less sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 4 errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 4 sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 5 or more errors, or the paper was unreadable. The student did not apply phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 5 or more sight words incorrectly.

Opinion Student Writing Rubric 2nd Grade

Ask Yourself:	1	2	3	4
	*	**	***	***
Did you introduce the topic you are writing about?	No, I didn't introduce my topic at all.	Well, I somewhat introduced my topic.	Yes, I introduced my topic.	Yes, I introduced my topic in a very creative way!
Did you clearly state your opinion?	No, I didn't state my opinion at all.	Well, I Somewhat stated my opinion.	Yes, I stated my opinion.	Yes, I clearly stated my opinion in a very creative way!
Did you supply reasons to support your opinion?	No, I didn't supply any reasons to support my opinion.	Well, I supplied ONE reason to support my opinion.	Yes, I supplied MORE THAN ONE reason to support my opinion.	Yes, I supplied MANY reasons to support my opinion in a very creative way!
Did you provide a concluding statement or section?	No, I didn't provide a concluding statement or section at all.	Well, I somewhat provided a concluding statement or section.	Yes, I provided a concluding statement or section.	Yes, I provided a concluding statement or section in a very creative way!

MOUNTAIN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Learning to Soar

Determining	Random guessing	Inaccurate attempts to	Identifies some important	Identifies words,
Importance		identify some concepts	parts of	characters, and/or
		in text (i.e., characters,	informational/expository	events as more
		plot, main idea, or	text (i.e., titles, graphs,	important to overall
		setting)	captions) and	meaning; makes some
			literary/narrative text	attempt to explain
			(i.e., characters, plot,)	reasoning
Monitoring	No awareness of text	Has text difficulties, no	Identifies difficulties and	Identifies location and
Comprehension	difficulties	need to solve the	articulates need to solve	type of difficulty and
		problem	problem	articulates the need to
				solve the problem;
				begins to identify some
				fix-up strategies
Inferring	Does not attempt a	Attempts a prediction	Makes predictions and	Makes predictions and
	prediction or inference	or inference; inaccurate	inferences that are	inferences using
		or unsubstantiated with	consistent with text or	specific words from the
		the text	background knowledge	text to support thinking
Synthesis	Does not retell	Randomly retells some	Retells most key	Retells elements of the
		elements of text;	elements in sequence;	text in logical
		events may not be in	begins to generate a	sequence; generates
		sequence	personal response to text	personal responses to
			(e.g., why I like this	text; may include some
			book, recommends the	extension to overall
			books to other students)	theme, message,
				background knowledge

Name Date

Opinion Writing Rubric

	Applying Independently	Mastery	Approaching	Beginning
Focus	The student formed a strong opinion by choosing among given topics.	The student formed an opinion by choosing among given topics.	The student formed an unclear opinion.	The student did not form an opinion on a given topic.
Content	The student supported opinion with 5 or more reasons related to the opinion.	The student supported opinion with at least 3-4 reasons related to the opinion.	The student supported opinion with 1-2 reasons related to the opinion.	The student did not support or was not related to the opinion.
Organization	The student created an organizational structure that includes reasons and provides closure.	The student created an organizational structure that includes reasons and provides some sense of closure.	The student attempted to create an organizational structure and provide a sense of closure.	The student did not create an organizational structure and did not provide closure.
Style	The student used words and phrases for effect throughout entire paper.	The student used a variety of words and phrases.	The student used limited words and phrases for effect.	The student did not provide words and phrases for effect.
Conventions	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with no errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled all sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 3 or less errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 3 or less sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 4 errors. The student applied phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 4 sight words correctly.	The student used capitalization, punctuation, and grammar with 5 or more errors, or the paper was unreadable. The student did not apply phonetic spelling to unknown words and spelled 5 or more sight words incorrectly.

Presentation Rubric 2nd Grade

	 Uses strong, relevant details to describe people, places, things, or events. Expresses ideas and feelings very clearly.
4	Uses strong and clear visual displays.
Applying Independently	Speaks in a clear manner throughout the presentation.
	 Uses many details to describe people, places, things, or events, but not all details are relevant. Expresses most ideas and feelings clearly.
3	 Speaks clearly during most of the presentation.
Mastered	 Uses visual displays.
	 Uses complete sentences in most of the presentation.
	 Uses some details to describe people, places, things, or events, but more relevant details could have been added. Presents feelings and ideas clearly sometimes.
2	 Uses visual displays that do not support the main idea of the presentation.
Approaching	Speaks too softly.
	 Uses complete and incomplete sentences.
	Presents few details.
1	 Presents unclear Ideas and feelings.
Beginning	 Does not use any visual displays.
ревиния	Speaks unclearly.
	 Does not use complete sentences.

Small Group Discussion Rubric 2nd Grade

4 - Applying Independently	3 - Mastered	2 - Approaching	1 - Beginning
 In small groups, the student: looks at the person speaking actively listens voluntarily takes part in the discussion encourages others in the group to participate offers new information from others' ideas stays on topic occasionally and appropriately leads the group 	In small groups, the student: Iooks at the person speaking actively listens voluntarily takes part in the discussion offers new information stays on topic	In small groups, with teacher reminders, the student: I looks at the person speaking actively listens takes part in the discussion stays on topic	Student reluctantly participates in group discussions even with teacher encouragement.

Speaking Rubric

2nd Grade

4	Speaks audibly			
Applying	Speaks in complete sentences			
Applying Independently	 Correct subject/verb agreement 			
independently	 Uses descriptive words and details in conversation 			
	Multiple sentences on topic			
3	Speaks audibly			
Mastered	Speaks in complete sentences			
iviastereu	 Correct subject/verb agreement 			
	 Speaks on topic and answers appropriately 			
2	 May or may not speak audibly 			
= Approaching	 Inconsistent use of complete sentences 			
Approaching	 Inconsistent use of subject/verb agreement 			
	May or may not speak on topic			
1	Speaks inaudibly			
Beginning	 Speaks in single words or phrases 			
	 Doesn't use correct subject/verb agreement 			
	 Unable to speak/answer on topic 			

Learnin	g to	Soar
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Name:	Date:

Reading Rubric

	4 Beyond	3 At Grade Level	2 Approaching	1 Below Grade Level
Word Solving	Student uses many strategies to solve unknown words.	Student uses several strategies to solve unknown words, but will at times ask for help for unknown words.	Student uses two strategies to solve words, but will ask for help or skips unknown words.	Student rarely stop to solve unknown words, does not ask for help, skips unknown words
Fluency	Student often reads smoothly, follows punctuation, and uses expression.	Student sometimes reads smoothly, follows punctuation, and uses expression.	Student occasionally reads smoothly, follows punctuation, and uses expression.	Student does not read smoothly, follow punctuation, and use expression.
Comprehension	Student can answer 4 or more questions about the text.	Student can answer at least 3 questions about the text.	Student can answer at least 2 questions about the text.	Student cannot answer questions about the text.

Learning to Soar Reading Inventory

Level One Level Two Level Three Level Four				
	(Beginning)	(Approaching)	(Mastered)	(Applying Independently)
Making Connections	Does not make connections with text	Talks about what text reminds them of, but cannot use the text to support their answer	Relates background knowledge/experience to the text	Uses background knowledge to enhance comprehension. Makes text-to-text and text-to-self connections; begins to articulate how the connection helps with understanding
Questioning	Does not ask questions	Asks questions about the story(before, during, after); may confuse questions/statements	Asks and answers relevant questions (before during and after)	Asks questions to enhance meaning; can easily answer questions; beginning awareness of different types of questions
Visualizing (Sensory Imagery)	Does not describe simple sensory images related to the text	Can describe some simple sensory images, mostly related to text or picture	Can describe and compose some sensory images tied directly to the text	Describes own sensory images; images can be elaborated from the literal text or existing picture; demonstrated using any modality or media
Determining Importance	Random guessing	Inaccurate attempts to identify some concepts in text (i.e., characters, plot, main idea, or setting)	Identifies some important parts of informational/expository text (i.e., titles, graphs, captions) and literary/narrative text (i.e., characters, plot, setting)	Identifies words, characters, and/or events as more important to overall meaning; makes some attempt to explain reasoning

MOUNTAIN VIEW ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Learning to Soar

Monitoring	No awareness of text	Has text difficulties, no	Identifies difficulties and	Identifies location and
Comprehension	difficulties	need to solve the problem	articulates need to solve	type of difficulty and
			problem	articulates the need to
				solve the problem; begins
				to identify some fix-up
				strategies
Inferring	Does not attempt a	Attempts a prediction or	Makes predictions and	Makes predictions and
	prediction or inference	inference; inaccurate or	inferences that are	inferences using specific
		unsubstantiated with the	consistent with text or	words from the text to
		text	background knowledge	support thinking
Synthesis	Does not retell	Randomly retells some	Retells most key elements	Retells elements of the
		elements of text; events	in sequence; begins to	text in logical sequence;
		may not be in sequence	generate a personal	generates personal
			response to text (e.g., why	responses to text; may
			I like this book,	include some extension to
			recommends the books to	overall theme, message,
			other students)	background knowledge